* SUBQUERY
  + It is a query within another SQL query and embedded within the WHERE clause.
  + It is also called Inner or Nested Query
* JOIN and SUBQUERY ADVANTAGES
  + Advantages of Join
    - The result of a join operation can include columns from both tables
    - A join tends to be more intuitive when it uses an existing relationship between two tables.
    - A query with a join typically performs faster than the same query with a subquery.
  + Advantages of subqueries
    - A subquery can pass an aggregate value to the outer query
    - A subquery tends to be more intuitive when it uses an ad hoc relationship between two tables
    - Long, complex queries can sometimes be easier to code using subqueries.
* CTE (Common Table Expressions)
  + It is a feature that allows user to code an expression that defines a derived table.